



Hoole St Michael C of E Primary School ~ Art Overview

# Subject Leader : Juliet Price

Cycle B	Autumn Term Curriculum Focus	Spring Term Curriculum Focus	Summer Term Curriculum Focus
Lines and Marks <ul> <li>Name, match and draw lines/marks from observations.</li> <li>Invent new lines.</li> <li>Draw on different surfaces with a range of media.</li> </ul>	Form and Shape • Observe and draw shapes from observations. • Draw shapes in between objects. • Invent new shapes.	Tone Investigate tone by drawing light/dark lines, light/dark patterns, light/dark shapes.	<ul> <li>Texture</li> <li>Investigate textures by describing, naming, rubbing, copying.</li> </ul>
Discovery	Explores what happens when they mix colours. Experiments to create different textures. Uses simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately.	Selects tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using. Experiments to create different textures.	Understands that different media can be combined to create new effects. Manipulates materials to a planned effect. Selects appropriate resources and adapts work where necessary.
Atlantis	<ul> <li><u>3D Sculpture</u></li> <li>Children to investigate and play with clay/play dough, model making sausages and balls, egg shapes.</li> <li>Make a clay penguin</li> <li>Roll a lemon/egg shape from clay.</li> <li>Gently squeeze a head shape near top of egg.</li> <li>Pull from the clay wing shapes, beak and feet.</li> <li>Use tools to pierce eyes or</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><u>Drawing</u></li> <li>Children will make observational drawings of plants and flowers in detail. Experiment with markmaking, using a range of pencil grades, charcoal, graphite sticks and pens on small and large scales, individually and as group pieces.</li> <li>Make drawings and experiment making shades and tones in greys using chalk and charcoal. Encourage smudging contrasted with detail.</li> <li>Make drawings of plants and flowers and experiment with</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><u>Collage</u></li> <li>Children to have a look at various artist who work on a similar theme. Abigail Mill who uses embroidery to create her pictures, Jayne Huskisson who creates seaside themed silk paintings Serena Hall who produces work in a range of media</li> <li>During the seaside visit, from home or other sources, such as magazines or the internet, children can collect materials for their collage. They can</li> </ul>

## textures on wings and feet etc.

- Use tools to highlight wing shapes etc, use hands to smooth and sculpt if preferred.
  - Allow to air dry.
  - Paint with ready mix

### Evaluate

• Children to have time to evaluate their work and that of others, describe what they like or might change next time, what materials they preferred using, what advice they may give another artist.

## Printing

- From their drawings, children will develop a simplified printing motif of school or local area etc.
  - Then children will draw simplified image onto Quickprint using a sharp pencil.
- Children will plan and discuss ways this image could be translated or rotated and repeatedly printed.
- Discuss the children's a colour choice for print or background; perhaps print on a textured rubbing of a building etc.
- Use rollers and printing ink to

#### pastels; chalk or oil.

- Make observational drawings and include wet media such as watercolour.
- of others, describe what they like or might change next time, what materials they preferred using, what advice they may give another artist.
  - Children could make their own video to explain their learning and help other groups in school to use similar printmaking techniques by producing their own set of instructions and advice.

### Drawing/Printing

- Explore the work of artists, craftspeople and designers from different times and cultures for differences and similarities.
- Children will make observational drawings of the locality and school grounds; experiment with markmaking, charcoal and chalk,
  - graphite sticks and pens on
- small/large-scale, group/individual.
- Children to make drawings of local landmarks and experiment making
  - shades and tones in greys using

  - chalk and charcoal, encourage
  - smudging contrasted with detail.
  - Children to go outside and collect
    - rubbings from surfaces then

## continue and extend into a drawing,

# work in groups, discussing possible uses of these materials for creating their seaside images.

- Initially, working on smaller individual pieces, children can cut and position an array of blue, white and green fabrics and or papers for sea. Discuss how these can be positioned to suggest movement of waves.
- Children can then add beach to their pictures by gluing on sand, thinking carefully about the positioning of the beach in relation to the sea and sky.
- Once the background elements of sky, sea and beach are in place, children can decide what additional elements they wish to add to their collage and can consider and discuss appropriate materials for these. They may wish to explore sticks/driftwood for piers or jetties, fabrics for bunting or boats and paper for beach huts.
- Children can discuss how they might show people in their collage pictures. Consider the use of pictures from magazines. Encourage children to consider whether the people are dressed appropriately for their beach collage.
- Following on from the creation of their individual pieces, children's knowledge can then be used to collaborate on a larger scale piece in groups.

	print image repeatedly; make	or use as background to a drawing.	
	individual and/or group prints.		
		_	
	Develop drawings further by	include wet media such as	
	producing a monoprint of local	watercolour.	
	area; start to collect and sort		
	textures and shapes which can		
	be used to print as seen in		
	class clip.		
	<ul> <li>Use printing rollers to ink up</li> </ul>		
	sides and edges of objects and		
	textures from which to print		
	and build up an image of 'The		
	Place Where I Live'.		
	• When dry, work into print		
	with pastel or watercolours if		
	desired.		
Enterprise	Collage Focusing on the artwork of Damien Hurst (skull). • Observe repeated patterns. • Discuss the use of rotation, size and colour to vary pattern. • To design own skull piece • Children to create skull piece using collage technique.	<ul> <li><u>Drawing</u></li> <li>Children to look at Monet and Hokusai pictures of water.</li> <li>Children to compare the two styles.</li> <li>Children to go outside and observe different moving water – watching clip, outdoor learning creating ripples in puddles. Children to draw the shapes created by water.</li> <li>Using oil pastel and pencil to create shapes and investigate using shadow and smudging.</li> <li>Children to create an observational drawing of water using chosen medium.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><u>3D Sculpture</u></li> <li>Children to look at the work of Haley Harmon.</li> <li>Children to choose plant/flower to base design on.</li> <li>Children to examine flower/plant and draw pencil design of parts they could make using wire.</li> <li>Children to choose a part to build using wire. (Evauate and edit this piece).</li> <li>Following evaluation children edit designs to adapt to medium of wire.</li> <li>Children to create sculpture based on design.</li> </ul>

Endeavour	Drawing	Collage	3D Sculpture
LINCAVUN	Focus artist: Georgia O' Keeffe. Creating texture with the natural	Focus artists: Jackson Pollock, Mark Rothko, Kandinsky and Jean Milo.	Focus Artist: Patricia Coates and Alberto Giacometti.
	world as an inspiration.	Focus building on the knowledge of	Exploring how to sketch the human
	<ul> <li>Children to increase their</li> </ul>	creating texture.	form using mannequins. Linked to
	knowledge of drawing	<ul> <li>Children to explore texture</li> </ul>	Greeks and athlete poses. Collage
	pencils.	creation in dry media with the	a selection of sport poses from
	<ul> <li>Experimentation with dry</li> </ul>	effects of hatching, contouring,	newspapers and magazines.
	media to take rubbings of	stippling and burnishing.	<ul> <li>Sense of perspective working with</li> </ul>
	patterns in the natural	<ul> <li>Experiments with pastel and charcoal.</li> </ul>	the background and foreground.
	world.	<ul> <li>Work with wet media effects to</li> </ul>	Use of digital media to explore
	<ul> <li>Use viewfinders to focus on one area in particular.</li> </ul>	recreate texture.	poses more in-depth linked to
	<ul> <li>Skilled drawing of animals.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Work with mixed media using</li> </ul>	athletics.
	<ul> <li>Final piece – an animal</li> </ul>	NASA pictures as inspiration.	<ul> <li>Explore the style and techniques of focus artists – can they recreate</li> </ul>
	drawn by them using their	<ul> <li>Creating craters and valleys</li> </ul>	their style in drawing first.
	skills and a creation of a	using 3D mini models with Mod	Explore skin tone building on mixed
	camouflage background.	Roc or paper mache.	media skills.
	Follow up: create a digital	Final piece – their own planet	• 3D focus – children to make 3
	background and an animal	surface with mixed media and a	sculptures in the style of the artists
	to camouflage into it.	3D model.	and then one of clay.
			Follow up with a study of Anthony
			Gormley.
			Values of the Olympics and the
			focus on athletes.
Outdoor Learning	Curriculum Hook Cultura	al Capital Christian Values Activities/Trips	British Values Enrichment

Autumn Term Curriculum Focus	Spring Term Curriculum Focus	Summer Term Curriculum Focus
<ul> <li>Form and Shape</li> <li>Observe and draw shapes from observations.</li> <li>Draw shapes in between objects.</li> <li>Invent new shapes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tone</li> <li>Investigate tone by drawing light/dark lines, light/dark patterns, light/dark shapes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Texture</li> <li>Investigate textures by describing, naming, rubbing, copying.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Explores what happens when they mix colours.</li> <li>Experiments to create different textures.</li> <li>Uses simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Selects tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using.</li> <li>Experiments to create different textures.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understands that different media can be combined to create new effects.</li> <li>Manipulates materials to a planned effect.</li> <li>Selects appropriate resources and adapts work where necessary.</li> </ul>
Drawing/digital art	Drawing and painting	3D Drawing/Models
from 1666. Make drawings on different scales including large scale or group pieces using charcoal and chalk and different grade pencils. Experiment with shading using charcoal and graphite sticks to create light and dark tones. Experiment rubbing into shading with rubbers. Add colour with chalk pastels or paint. Discuss effects of paint or pastel for flames. Evaluate effects and preferences. Develop images of burning houses into digital art using for example, Dazzle, paint.net, 2Create. <b>Drawing and painting</b>	This theme involves children in creating a self portrait. Extensive drawing and painting will help children develop and improve their observational skills to support this. Children will be able to observe themselves and others and could be linked to learning opportunities in history, such as portraits of themselves and their family for their family tree, or portraits of the Royal family. The children should explore the work of portrait artists who use traditional drawing and painting materials. Käthe Kollwitz was a German Expressionist artist who predominantly used charcoal and printmaking to explore her self-portraits and portraits. Her use of charcoal and chalk can encourage children to investigate smudging and blending techniques. <b>Drawing</b>	Opportunities for drawing will help children develop their observational skills in this theme as a starting point before building robot figures in 3-D from recycled materials. <b>Drawing</b> Children can create their own robots from construction kits and use them as a model for their observational drawings. To provide children with a wider range of stimuli, photographs of robots can also be used. Encourage children to experiment with mark making, using a range of pencil grades, charcoal, graphite sticks and pens both on their own work and work alongside others on a larger scale. When drawing, children can experiment with making shades and tones in greys using chalk and charcoal. Encourage children to practise smudging to see how it can be used to suggest
materials such as charcoal and chalk,	Children can make observational self-	3-D qualities.
	<ul> <li>Curriculum Focus</li> <li>Serve and draw shapes from observations.</li> <li>Draw shapes in between objects.</li> <li>Invent new shapes.</li> <li>Explores what happens when they mix colours.</li> <li>Experiments to create different textures.</li> <li>Uses simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately</li> <li>Drawing/digital art</li> <li>Children examine images of buildings from 1666.</li> <li>Make drawings on different scales including large scale or group pieces using charcoal and chalk and different grade pencils.</li> <li>Experiment with shading using charcoal and graphite sticks to create light and dark tones. Experiment rubbing into shading with rubbers.</li> <li>Add colour with chalk pastels or paint.</li> <li>Discuss effects of paint or pastel for flames. Evaluate effects and preferences.</li> <li>Develop images of burning houses into digital art using for example, Dazzle, paint.net, 2Create.</li> <li>Drawing and painting</li> </ul>	Curriculum FocusCurriculum FocusForm and Shape• Observe and draw shapes from observations. • Draw shapes in between objects. • Invent new shapes.Tone • Investigate tone by drawing light/dark lines, light/dark patterns, light/dark shapes.• Explores what happens when they mix colours. • Experiments to create different textures. • Uses simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately• Selects tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using. • Experiments to create different textures.Drawing/digital art Children examine images of buildings from 1666.Drawing and paintingMake drawings on different scales including large scale or group pieces using charcoal and chalk and different grade pencils.Drawing and paintingExperiment with shading using charcoal and graphite sticks to create light and dark tones. Experiment rubbing into shading with rubbers.The children develop and improve their soluties in history, such as portraits of themselves and others and could be linked to learning oportrait artists who use traditional drawing and painting materials. Käthe Kollwitz was a German Expressionit artist who predominantly used charcoal and printmaking to explore her self-portraits and portraits. Her use of charcoal and printmaking to explore her self-portraits and portraits. Her use of charcoal and chalk can encourage children to investigate smudging and blending techniques.

graphite sticks, grades of pencil and pens. Work on different scales of drawings, both individually and within groups.

Use wooden figures to explore the proportions and lengths of limbs, for example, use the size of the head to help size the chest. Observe the length of the arms and where their hands touch on their thighs, explore the length of legs compared to the whole length of head and torso.

Experiment making shades and tones in greys using chalk and charcoal, encourage smudging to create 3-D effect in drawings.

Use pastels or paint to make further observational drawing of figures.

Experiment with different scales, more than one figure and figures in various positions.

Develop into watercolour paints, using pencils to draw. Discuss the differences in other paint types, how to create 3-D effects, continue to discuss proportions of the body.

Explore the work of the artist, Keith Haring. Discuss his use of body language and lack of facial expressions. Linking to PSHE, explore relationships and getting on with others and our qualities of support and caring. Discuss his visual style and use of the human figure that is still in proportion.

#### Clay

Allow time for children to investigate and play with clay and/or play dough. Model making sausages, balls and egg shapes. portrait drawings in detail using mirrors. They should experiment with mark-making, using a range of pencil grades, charcoal, graphite sticks and pens. They should use a range of scales for both group and individual pieces of work. When drawing, children should be encouraged to carefully observe the head shape, hair, placement of eyes, nose and mouth.

Following modelling, provide children with opportunities to experiment with making shades and tones in greys using chalk and charcoal. They can further develop this technique by including smudging to suggest bone structure of cheeks and nose. Extend the range of media to include chalk pastels or oil pastels.

#### Painting

Develop drawings into paintings; watercolour makes a sensitive media to this project and encourages delicate mixing of skin shades, hair colour and eye colour. Ensure the process of colour mixing and matching to shades is modelled and allow children to experiment on their portraits. Provide children with a range of brush sizes and allow them to experiment with these when working on projects of differing scales. Children should be encouraged to use smaller brushes for the finer details of their work. Linked to learning opportunities in design and technology, children can then design a figure to be developed into 3-D. Children to investigate how materials such as play dough will not allow them to play with their robot after it is made. They could try using materials such as salt dough (to be baked) or air drying clay and discuss the difference this makes.

## 3-D

Allow children experimentation with a variety of construction kits to see how they fit together. This could include use of a tool such as Polydron so children can use 2-D shapes to create something that would be more representative of a robot. Children could go on to replicate this with card and adhesive. Children can experiment further with scrap/recycled materials creating forms in 3-D. They could use a battery holder, pipe cleaners, paper clips, treasury tags, small bulbs and switches to make a figure or creature/insect in the style of Larry Wong.

Linked to learning opportunities in design and technology, children can work with larger scale junk modelling to build robotic figures.

Make a clay figure using air dry clay:	
Divide a lump of clay into three	
sections; small, medium and large.	
Roll the small section between their	
hands into a sphere to become the	
head.	
Use the table, roll the next two sections	
into medium and large sized sausages	
trying not to squash flat but keep	
cylindrical. These become a set of arms	
and legs.	
Position the arms into a 'u' shape, and	
the legs into an 'n' shape, cross hatch	
where the joins will meet, add slip	
(watered clay remnants mixed to thick	
soup consistency) using a brush and	
then use fingers to merge the arms and	
legs together until you cannot tell	
where they were joined. Attach the	
head in the same way. At this point	
mould the legs and arms into better	
positions and merge to make a more	
substantial torso. Try not to make arms	
and legs too skinny as they tend to	
break apart. Repair any breaks by	
reshaping and merging back together.	
Position the model into a specific pose	
with other sculptures to exemplify	
working and playing together.	
If further detail is required, use tools to	
pierce eyes, highlight hands and feet	
and a clay syringe to make hair.	
Alternatively, leave simple like Keith	
Haring figures.	
Allow to air dry.	
Paint with ready mix or Cromar paints if	
required, (try not to add water to	
paints, water should only be used to	
clean the brushes).	

Entownying	Textile	Printing	Painting
Enterprise	• Children to create a some	From drawings develop a simplified	• Experiment with different effects and
	'Sparks might fly' Bonfire night	printing motif of a fossil.	textures in paint.
	gloves.	Draw simplified image onto	• Work on a range of scales e.g. thin
	• Design product baised on use.	Quickprint using a sharp pencil.	brush on small picture etc.
	• Use a variety of techniques, e.g.	• Relief printing blocks can be built up	• Create different effects and textures
	stitching to create different	with various materials built up onto	with paint according to what they
	textural effects.	a card base. Children need time to	need for the task.
	• Develop skills in stitching,	experiment with suitable materials	• Mix colours and know which primary
	cutting and joining.	such as string, bubble wrap, tin foil	colours make secondary colours.
		and card to know which materials	• Use more specific colour language.
		are best suited for the project.	• Mix and use tints and shades.
		Linked to learning opportunities in	
		mathematics, plan and discuss ways	
		in which this image could be	
		translated or rotated and	
		repeatedly printed, reinforcing	
		quarter and half turns; or develop	
		random positions like fossils in a	
		rock face.	
		Plan and discuss colour choices for	
		print or background; perhaps print	
		on or with monochrome drawing of	
		a fossil to experiment mixing	
		drawing and print.	
		Use rollers and printing ink to print	
		the image repeatedly; make	
		individual and/or group prints	
		which also incorporating drawings.	
		Clean inking plate by washing and	
		experiment with two colours, or	
		work with a partner using alternate	
		colours. Discuss and plan rotation	
		again.	

		• When dry, work into print with pastel or watercolours if desired.	
Endeavour	<ul> <li>Painting – Focus artist and in-depth study of Kandinsky.</li> <li>Children to forge links between music and colour. Study of musicians that saw musical notes as colours.</li> <li>Link to PSHE and colours of mood.</li> <li>Experiment with water colour vs ready mix and how this reflects mood.</li> <li>Key elements of background and key colours. Thinking about letting the main colours sing.</li> <li>Explore building layers and depth of colour</li> <li>Enrichment supported by PGHS music department.</li> <li>Christian value of creativity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Drawing – Creating an accurate portrait</li> <li>Focus artists: Picasso, Rembrandt, Van Dyck, and Modigliani.</li> <li>Study of focused artists and explore their work</li> <li>Recreate drawings in their style working in a mixture of dry media.</li> <li>Create self-portrait in dry media.</li> <li>Superhero study and adapt their skills to creating a cartoon superhero.</li> <li>Use digital programs and the Picasso links on the website to adapt superheroes to his style.</li> <li>Superhero and their qualities link to the Christian value of courage.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Local Art Focus: The work of L.S. Lowry – link to local study of the factories in Preston. Work with the Harris museum to look at life in our town during the industrial revolution.</li> <li>Drawings inspired by work from the past.</li> <li>Work in a similar way than Lowry – working in dry media to create texture and tone.</li> <li>Focus on shading and create contrasts.</li> <li>Create their own sketches into a painting.</li> <li>Develop drawings into paintings.</li> <li>Create light and effect; work with contrast to portray the theme.</li> <li>Collage onto a drawn background.</li> <li>Topic supported by the Harris museum.</li> </ul>
Outdoor Learning	Curriculum Hook Cultura	al Capital Christian Values Activities/Trips	British Values Enrichment